Adventure Learning

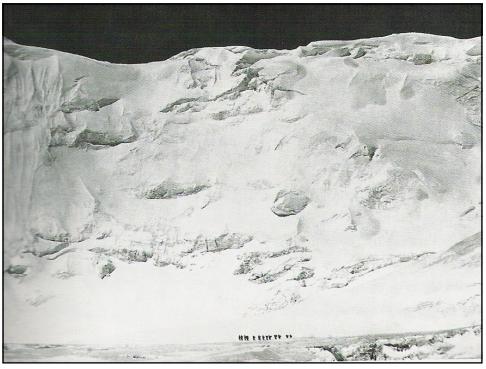
- A New Design for Schools In wildness is the preservation of the world – Henry David Thoreau

> Adventure Summit 2010 Mountain Heritage Trust Lakes School, Cumbria

Saturday 20th February 2010

David Hopkins













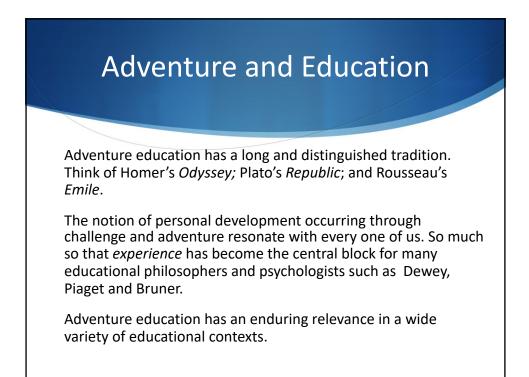


The Nature of Adventure

If adventure has a final all-embracing motive it is surely this; we go out because it is our nature to go out, to climb the mountains and sail the seas, to fly to the planets and plunge into the depths of the oceans. By doing these things we make touch with something outside or behind, which strangely seems to approve our doing them. We extend our horizon, we expand our being, we revel in a mastery of ourselves which gives an impression, mainly illusory, that we are masters of our world. In a word we are men, and when man ceases to do these things, he is no longer man.

Wilfred Noyce



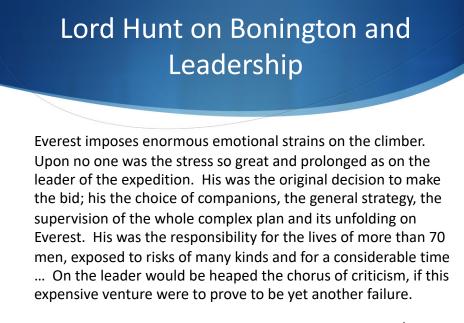


Life Scripts and Adventure

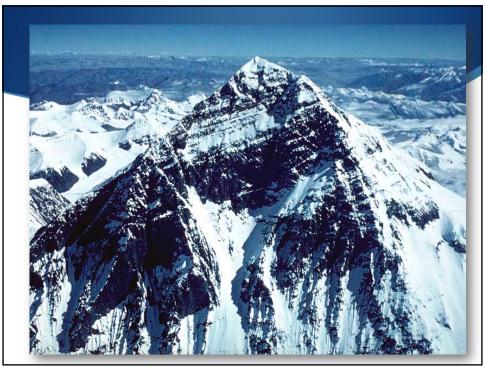
We all have life scripts, some of us chose to develop it others are forced to do so. Life scripts evolve as the individual confronts direct experience and adapts and assimilates it with their self. Adventure as the purest form of direct experience has the ability to develop 'life script' in the most immediate way. 'Adventure leaders' create situations where others can develop their own life scripts.

As Mahatma Gandhi said – 'You must be the change you wish to see in the world'

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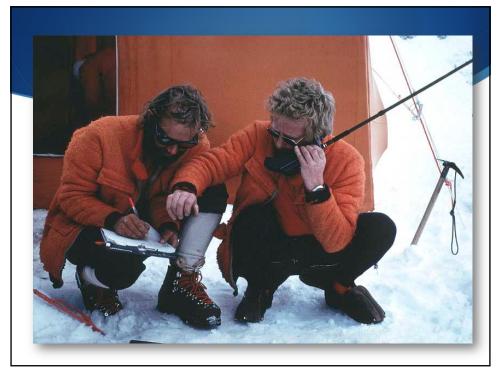


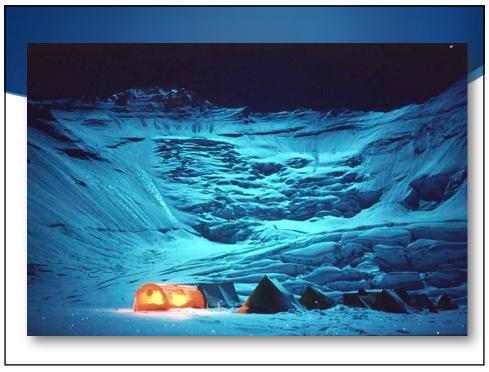
John Hunt



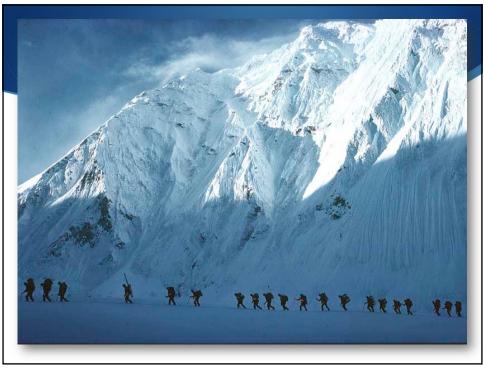




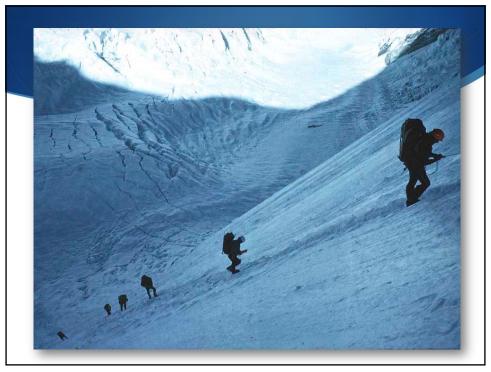










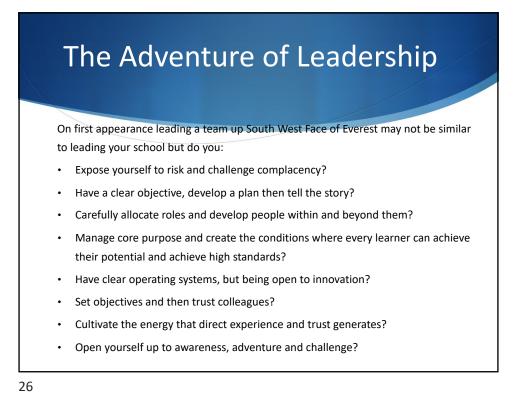












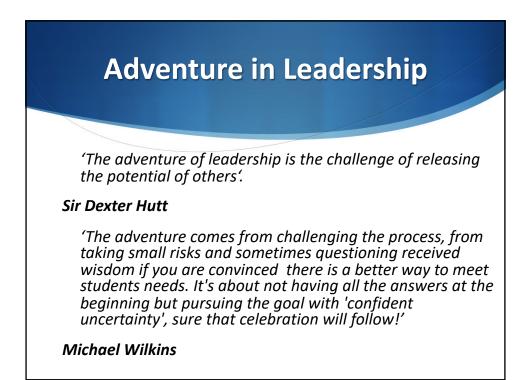
Adventure in Leadership

'Vision, values, determination and uncertainty are all to be found in the best leaders. Good management skills are essential, but can also leave one in the comfort zone. Good leadership should be a bit scary and is what we need most in our schools'.

Sir Alan Steer

"Never fully knowing how much further you can go; how much more can be achieved alongside the adults and young people you lead and share leadership with; and where any path may take you, but being open to all the possibilities along the journey."

Vanessa Wiseman CBE



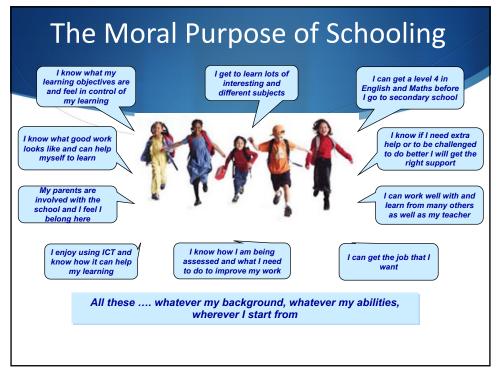
The G100 Communiqué

A group of 100 principals from fourteen countries (G100) met at the National Academy of Education Administration (NAEA) in Beijing, China 16-19 October 2006 to discuss the transformation of and innovation in the world's education systems.

They concluded their communiqué in this way -

We need to ensure that moral purpose is at the fore of all educational debates with our parents, our students, our teachers, our partners, our policy makers and our wider community.

We define moral purpose as a compelling drive to do right for and by students, serving them through professional behaviors that 'raise the bar and narrow the gap' and through so doing demonstrate an intent, to learn with and from each other as we live together in this world.

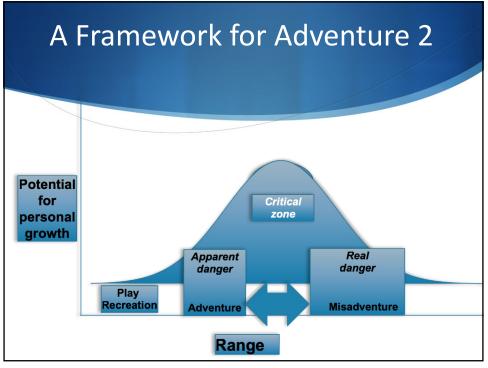


A Framework for Adventure 1

Adventure is a state of mind that begins with feelings of uncertainty about the outcome of a journey and always ends with feelings of enjoyment, satisfaction, or elation about the successful completion of that journey....

The initial feeling of uncertainty of outcome is fear of physical or psychological harm. There can be no adventure in Outdoor Pursuits without this fear in the mind of the participant. Without the fear there would be no challenge. Fear extended to terror, however, is not adventure. This is misadventure as the journey is psychologically too demanding for the person concerned.

Colin Mortlock

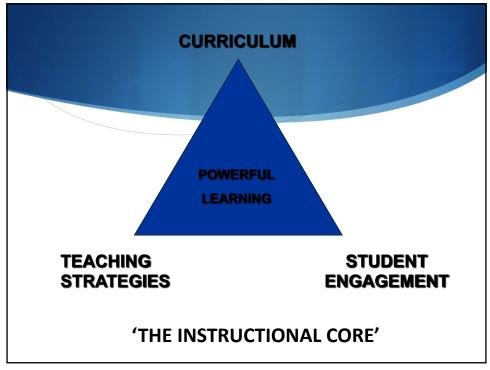


Powerful Learning ...

Is the ability of learners to respond successfully to the tasks they are set, as well as the task they set themselves In particular, to:

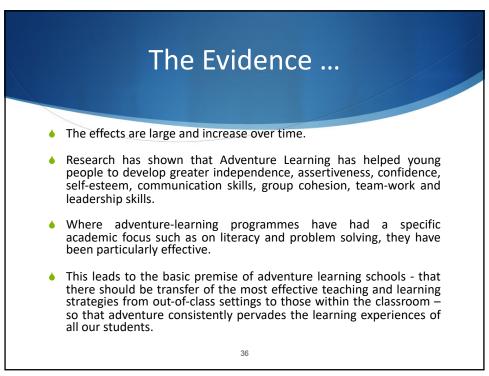
- Integrate prior and new knowledge
- Acquire and use a range of learning skills
- Solve problems individually and in groups
- Think carefully about their successes and failures
- Accept that learning involves uncertainty and difficulty

All this has been termed "meta-cognition" – it is the learners' ability to take control over their own learning processes.







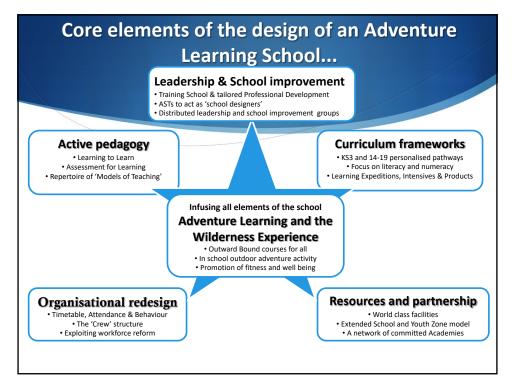




A new Design for Schools

In wildness is the preservation of the world – Henry David Thoreau

- Vision is of a network of schools formed on principles related to adventure, the wilderness environment, and experience enhancing personal growth
- Located in areas of high social deprivation with proximity to Areas of Natural Beauty
- These schools will be fully comprehensive and inclusive with a strong focus on personalisation. These are places where young people will thrive irrespective of their background, socio-economic status or learning needs
- Curriculum and timetable models creating opportunities for learning through adventure – within and outside the classroom
- Current policy trends offer the freedoms and flexibilities in building design, curriculum and timetable models and staffing to deliver the 'Adventure Learning' school





Self-assessment against the model:	All elements already in place	Started thinking, mainly clear and bits are in place	Started thinking but major gaps and nothing in place	thinking and	
Elements of the Framework	Examp	Examples of evidence			
Adventure Learning and the Wilderness Experience •Out-door residential experiences for students =Exploring the urban 'wilderness' •Promotion of health, fitness and well –being •In-school out-door adventure activity	 Some students already undertake adventure learning or outdoor activity Adventure learning type activity has been built into the regular curriculum The skills students learn and develop are being reinforced in the classroom 				
Curriculum Frameworks • KS3 • 14-19 pathways • Learning expeditions • Focus on Literacy and numeracy	 KS3 and 14-19 pathways are well developed and already offer significant opps for cross curricular experiences All students are achieving expected levels of literacy and numeracy 				
Active Pedagogy • Learning to Learn Assessment for Learning • Repertoire of 'Models of Teaching' • Student Voice	Language of learning skills is regularly used by teachers and students AfL is used consistently by all teachers You would typically expect to see a range of teaching models in the school				
Leadership and School Improvement • Leadership for Learning • Professional development leading to training school status • Distributed leadership and succession planning • School improvement groups and ASTs	We have become some good work	rawing in other a	ASTs School ne by		
Organisational Redesign •Timetable, attendance and behavior •The 'crew' structure •Workforce remodelling •Intelligent accountability	 If you asked st clear about acc Students receir support they de We don't really 	ceptable behavion ve the pastoral of eserve	our care and		
Resources and Partnerships • World-class facilities • Extended school and Youth zone model • Partnerships within and outside the school •Networks of AL schools and Academies	The school wo	facilities they ne rks with a range vide support to	eed of students		

The Nature of Adventure

You cannot stay on the summit forever: you have to come down again.... So why bother in the first place? Just this: What is above knows what is below, But what is below does not know what is above. One climbs, one sees, one descends, one sees no longer. But one has seen. There is an art of conducting oneself in the lower regions by the memory of what one has seen higher up. When one can no longer see, one can at least still know. Rene Daumal

